

The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XIV

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY. SEPTEMBER 21 1893.

NUMBER 12.

Good Times and Better Coming.

THE CRY OF HARD TIMES NEVER BOTHERS US FOR

Our Prices Always Make Trade.

WE



LEAD

Anybody Can Buy at Our Prices

WE ARE RECEIVING
The Greatest Line of

CLOTHING, BOOTS SHOES and HATS

EVER BEFORE SHOWN
In This County

Get our Prices, they ALWAYS knock our Competitors out.

PIERCE-YANDELL GUGENHEIM CO.
INCORPORATED

October 23.

The County Judge has, in pursuance to a petition, had an order made for a vote on the school tax in the Marion school district and the order directs the Sheriff to hold the election on October 23, 1893. This is something the people of Marion should give serious consideration. It has come to the point when some action has got to be taken in school matters.

Marion's reputation for a good school has done more to make a prosperous, growing town than any other one thing, save and except the railroad. The school has been on a decline for some time, and it is with the people of Marion to turn the tide and again make a good school, an institution that will add to the citizenship, and to the business of the town, or by dissensions and inactivity, let things go as they are going and give other towns the money that should be spent in Marion.

Come and let us reason together on this thing. If it will help Marion to have a graded free school, with ample accommodations for all the children here and who may come here, let us not quibble about the small amount of tax necessary to build a house.

Jim's A Success.

From the Atlanta Journal we learn that Rev. J. W. Bigham, formerly of this place, is one of the chief lights in big tabernacle meeting at Cartersville, Ga., the home of Sam Jones, and in connection with the latter gentleman, he is stirring up the people of that place. On the 3rd, Rev. Bigham preached a sermon on "Who is my neighbor?" and says the paper:

"There has been considerable feeling and division here for some time caused by the unpleasant affair between the pastor of the Baptist church. At the close of the sermon the preachers, Rev. Mr. Bigham and Rev. Sam P. Jones called on all who could endorse the views set forth, and who were willing to give up all prejudice and ill feeling and become united as brethren ought to be, come forward and give their hands in token of their sincerity. Hundreds responded, and it was evident that great good was accomplished by the services. Mr. Bigham arose and said, with much feeling, that if he had harmed any one in any way whatever, real or imaginary, he was willing to get down on his knees before them and beg their pardon."

Cartersville is evidently getting right religiously. The tabernacle meeting has certainly been a success so far. It has now reached the point where great good may be accomplished."

In the primary election by Louisville Democrats last week, Tyler defeated Jacobs for mayor by about 2,500 majority, and after studying over the matter twenty-four hours, Jacobs wrote a letter to the Democratic Committee saying that he had decided to accept the result of the primary. That must have been very magnanimous in Mr. Jacobs, but down in the "Pennyrite" when a fellow is snowed under by that large majority, it takes him about a year to "get his breath," to say nothing of writing a letter "accepting" the drubbing he has already received.

At Calvert City in Marshall county the presence of negroes will not be tolerated. Whenever one puts in his appearance, he is told to depart in a manner that obeys a pleasure.

LINDSAY SPEAKS.

Kentucky's New Senator For the Repeal of the Sherman Law.

The Policy of the Administration Ably Defined.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The debate in the Senate on the Repeal Bill today was altogether on the affirmative side of the question. Two speeches were made in favor of the bill, the first by a Democratic Senator, Mr. Lindsay, of Kentucky, and the second by a Republican, Mr. Higgins, of Delaware. Both were uncompromisingly and unconditionally for the repeal of the Sherman act.

Mr. Lindsay argued that the Repeal Bill left unimpaired the bill of 1890, so far as it affected the coinage of silver in the future. It was strange, he said, to hear Senators assert that the repeal of the Sherman act would be to demote silver and to strike down the last hope of those who held to the popular idea of bimetalism. Stranger still was the claim of Democratic Senators that the Repeal Bill was un-democratic and in opposition to the Chicago Democratic platform. The pertinent question, "If we are not to coin silver, why purchase it?" had been asked in July, 1890, when the report of the Conference Committee (the Sherman Bill) was under discussion. It had not been answered then; it had not been answered since; and it could not be answered in accordance with the Democratic theory of theory of the powers and duties of the Federal Government. It was clear that the Sherman act was intended to stop the coinage of silver and to purchase four and a half million ounces of silver per month for the sole purpose of giving a market to those engaged in the silver mining industry. Under it silver was held as a commodity not to be coined in money except to a very limited extent.

Mr. Lindsay quoted, against the position now held by Senators Vance and Vest against the repeal bill, the arguments made by them in 1890 against the Sherman act, and desired to know why those arguments were not as good now as they were then. If the Sherman act was another step in the demonetization of silver in 1890 it was not clear to (Mr. Lindsay) why its repeal should amount now to the destruction of silver. He cited Mr. Vest in saying that the passage of the Sherman act would be "an absolute stoppage of the standard silver dollar," to which assertion Mr. Jones, of Nevada, had added: "That is all they want." And yet these Senators were now opposing the repeal of that act. Another quotation from Mr. Vest was this: "There is no free coinage about this bill. It is demonetization of silver, absolute and unqualified."

Mr. Lindsay also quoted largely from a speech of Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, against the conference report of 1890, in which Mr. Morgan declared that it was more demonetizing than the act of 1873. And then he asked whether the condition of things which Morgan had described should be continued, and whether Congress should

take the necessary step in the restoration of public confidence. It seemed to him that there should be but one national answer to that question, and that all should agree, without regard to party affiliations, that the consequences of the mistake of 1890, if they could not be wholly relieved, should at least be no further aggravated by a consistent adherence to that mistake; and yet in the face of Mr. Morgan's predictions (as to the effect of the Sherman act) and their realization, the Senate had been told the other day by the other Senator from Alabama (Mr. Pugh) that no Senator had stated or believed the Sherman law to be the cause of the financial disturbance.

If the Senator meant that no Senator had stated it to be solely and and wholly responsible for it, then he (Mr. Lindsay) said "yes." But if Mr. Pugh meant that no Senator had said or believed that it was largely instrumental in producing the trouble, then he said "no." He also quoted Mr. Hill, of New York, as stating in his speech of August 26 that it could not be denied that it had been largely instrumental in producing the existing complications. Then he quoted Mr. Hill's reference to the President to justify the intention that he would not in good faith carry out the Chicago platform.

The President had said nothing and done nothing inconsistent with his letter of acceptance. That letter, he said, was acceptable to Mr. Pugh, who said that there was not a word or sentence in it which had not been heartily indorsed. And so the disposition to hold the Sherman act over the Administration in terrorism could mean but one thing, and that was that those who opposed the repeal bill did not believe that the President would, in good faith, carry out the platform on which he was elected, or permit Congress to carry out that platform, if, by the exercise of power, he could prevent it. That had been made clear the other day by what Mr. Pugh had said—that in this life struggle between the two metals, the gold standard and the tremendous advantage of having the Executive power, in the shape of a veto, and the patronage and necessary influence.

He had read the Senator's (Mr. Pugh's) speech in vain to find the evidence on which he rested his belief that the President did not intend to keep faith with his party and his people. If Democratic Senators had been sincere in their opinion as to the Sherman law, it would be difficult for them now to convince the people that existing circumstances justified them in rebuking the President for opinions which he had not announced, and to act on the assumption that he did not intend to carry out the pledges of the party. But the Democratic, the plain people, would not give up their confidence in the man whom they had chosen as their President (without the assistance and against the efforts of politicians) until he had broken faith with them, not before.

He (Mr. Lindsay) could not be and would not be a party to a course of conduct the tendency of which was to make a breach in the Democratic ranks, on the groundless suspicion that he whom the people trusted as

they had trusted no other public man in this generation was quietly awaiting the opportunity to break faith with his party his friends and with the country. That was not the way to sustain Democratic power, but it was the way to prove to the people that their confidence had been misplaced, and that the Democratic party was not equal to the responsibilities which it had assumed. To himself the way was clear—to accept no amendment to the repeal bill—with the fullest confidence that any act which Congress might pass and which would conform to the principle of the Chicago platform would receive executive approval.

The remainder of Mr. Lindsay's speech was devoted to a defense of Secretary Carlisle from the imputation that he had been a party to the conspiracy of New York bankers to bring about a panic in order to compel a repeal of the Sherman law.

FORTY DROWNED.

Town Town of Villa-Canas, in Spain, Devastated by a Flood.

Madrid, Sept. 15.—The town of Villa-Canas, in the province of Toledo, has been devastated by floods, and a large number of lives have been lost. Heavy rains have fallen in the province, and the town, which is situated on rather low ground, was inundated. The people had no thought of danger, though the many small streams in the vicinity of the town were rapidly swelling and threatening to overflow their banks.

Late last night, when most of the inhabitants had retired, the waters from the hills, where there had probably been a cloud-burst, swept down on the doomed town, carrying away almost everything in its path. Huge trees, that had been torn bodily from the ground, swept along on the crest of the rushing waters, and were hurled with frightful violence against the houses in the path of the on-rushing tide. These trees acted as battering rams, and carried houses before them.

So sudden was the catastrophe that the afflicted people had no chance of saving themselves. Men and women, awakened from sound sleep by the tottering of their dwellings, frantically rushed to windows and leaped out, only to be engulfed in the water that was now hissing and seething about the falling debris were rapidly undermined by the waters, and in many cases collapsed before their occupants could leave them. The masses of wreckage going down on the flood in some instances offered a means of escape to persons who would otherwise have been drowned.

It is positively known that forty persons were drowned, and it is believed that the bodies of many others are buried under the ruins of their homes. It is thought that the Government will have to extend aid to the town. The people are so stricken by the disaster that they display no concern over the loss of their relatives or property, and assistance will have to be given them until they recover from the blow.

A Horrible Fate.

Rheath, Tenn., Sept. 15.—Near Millersville postoffice, the residence of Milton Myers, a wealthy farmer, was totally destroyed by fire last night, and three children, aged ten, eight and three years, were burned. The rest of the family barely escaped with their lives. Mrs. Myers, with an infant two weeks old, jumped from a second story window and is now in a precarious condition.

THE MAD RUSH.

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE GO LIKE THE WIND FOR THE NEW ISLAND.

In The Twinkle of an Eye the Multitudes Swam over the Strip.

Arkansas City, Kans., Sept. 16.—This has been a day long to be remembered by thousands upon thousands of people. An army as great in number as any army that fought in the civil war today invaded a new empire and planted families of another race upon the soil of the red men in the coveted Cherokee Strip. The invasion, although a peaceful one, was none the less magnificent in its proportions, and great consequences depend upon its action. This invasion, unlike the invasion of an army, was not directed by the hand of any great general; no man acted as leader and directed the points of attack. Like the swarming hordes of Northmen, they came in bands, colonies and dozens; in threes and fours, hundreds and thousands, acting individually for themselves; responsible to no one.

The number of people massed at various points is estimated to have been as follows: Arkansas City, Kan., 25,000; Hunnewell, Kan., 5,000; Cameron, 5,000; Caldwell, 5,000; Higgins, Tex., 5,000; Hennessy, 10,000; Cantonment, 5,000; Orlando, 20,000; Stillwater, 10,000; total, 100,000. Half as many more were scattered in little groups along the 400 miles of border line. Thirty thousand certificates were issued at the Orlando booth, 33,000 at Hennessy and 20,000 at Stillwater.

At the meridian hour the start was made. For an hour before the borders of the strip were black with men, horses and teams. From the elevation at Orlando the line could be seen for a distance of eight miles east and ten miles west. In each direction the line was crowded, until there appeared a black ribbon outlined on the gray surface about them. Half a dozen times some one would shout the hour of noon, and fifty to a hundred horsemen would dart out of line, only to be driven back by the cavalrymen who were patrolling the strip in front of the impatient throng.

At last a puff of smoke was seen out on the plains to the north, and soon a dull report of a cannon was heard. A dozen carbines along the line were fired in response to the signal, and the line was broken. Daring out at breakneck speed the racers soon dotted the plains in every direction. Following them came light vehicles driven with a madness that disregarded every destruction, the drivers yelling and urging their horses with whip as well as voice. Then followed heavier wagons, enveloped in clouds of dust, the noise made by their wheels resembling loup-continued rolls of thunder. Behind them came anxious footmen, carrying blankets, water and stakes, regardless of the heat and dust. Before them was the unknown, behind them were all the discomforts of the camp.

The trains were loaded rapidly. At first there was an attempt to examine the registration certificates, but this was soon given up, as the rushing thousands pushed those ahead of them the trainmen giving all their time to collecting the tickets. The first train of twelve cars pulled across the line at noon, crowded as trains never were before. Platforms and roofs of cars were as black with human life as were the insides. Following this train, with an interval of only two or three minutes, went another and another until the last, consisting of flat and

coal cars, all crowded, had pulled across the line, followed by at least 3,000 disappointed, panting men, who were determined not to be deprived of their rights.

The run to Perry was made in three-quarters of an hour. Before the train stopped men began climbing out of the windows and jumping from the platforms in their haste to secure the claims. Ahead of the train were at least 1,000 horsemen who had come over the ten miles from the lines in unprecedented short time, and claimed all the lots immediately about the land office and the public well. They were rubbing down their weary horses as the trains were unloading. Soon the last of the trains pulled in, and the scramble for land continued with increased vigor. The quarter sections about the town had all been taken, but in every direction lines were being run and additional towns laid out to be called North Perry, South Perry, East Perry and West Perry. By 2 o'clock fully 20,000 men and women of all nationalities and colors were on the site of what all hope will be a great city, without food and water.

The scenes at Enid were but a repetition of those at Perry. Fiftethousand men made the run into the strip from Caldwell. Thirty-five cattle cars were jammed early, and hundreds were disappointed. All the boomers and town-lot seekers were on the line by 10 o'clock. Many women in masculine attire rode horses and some were on bicycles. The day was cool but dusty.

There was a jam at Chillicothe Creek, which, owing to the steep north bank, was passable at only a few points. In many instances men leaped their horses down the eighteen-foot embankment, landing in the water and hastily scrambling out again.

SHOWED NO MERCY.

Particulars of the Quadruple Lynching in Alabama

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 15.—Full particulars of the shooting of the four negroes in the Pickens county jail at Carrollton, Ala., were received to-day. The negroes were in jail charged with robbery and arson, and an effort was being made by their lawyers to have them released on habeas corpus. They had burned three ginhouses for one farmer, and the people, fearing that they might be released on some legal quibble, to continue their depredations decided to lynch them.

They overpowered the sheriff, and went into jail intending to take the negroes out, but the prisoners set up such an uproar that the mob feared the town would be aroused, and their efforts frustrated, they, therefore, shot them down in their cells.

Excitement is high and the feeling intense. The town is divided into two bitter parties—regular Democrats and Alliance—and each faction is charging the crime upon the other.

FLIGHT OF JAIL BIRDS.

Five Prisoners, Under Penitentiary Sentence, Cut Through a Brick Wall.

Leitchfield, Ky., Sept. 18.—Five prisoners all white, escaped from the county jail last night by gnawing access to the bathroom, then cutting through a brick wall and letting themselves down by means of blankets tied together. They were Dave Hutchison, under sentence of three years in the penitentiary for malicious shooting; Jack Skiggs and Tom Minton, one year each in the penitentiary for robbery; Noah Burden and Henry McQuillen, under jail sentence for minor offenses. Claude Slaughter, colored, sentenced to the penitentiary for four years for robbery, refused to take advantage of the opportunity to escape.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., 121th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CHARTER COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Three little Maidens with their Skipping rope.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

YOUR GROCER Sells it. CLAIRETTE SOAP, MAKES WASHING VERY EASY. Standard Quality and Weight.

Three little Maidens with their face to the wall, Are crying as loud as they can bowl.

MADE ONLY BY N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., ST. LOUIS.

YOU and Your Children

It is a wonderful remedy, which is alike beneficial to you and your children. Such is Scott's Emulsion of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphates of Lime and Soda. It checks wasting in the children and produces sound, healthy flesh. It keeps them from taking cold, and it will do the same for you.

Scott's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula and all Anemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

SCIENCE HILL. SHELBYVILLE, KY.—An English and Classical School for girls. Sixty-ninth Annual Session opens Wednesday, Sept. 21st, 1893. Prepares for Wellesley. W. T. POYNTER.

OWENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE. 4th session opens Sept. 4. It offers students a complete education. Board, tuition & music \$200.00. W. H. Stuart, Pres., Owensboro, Ky.

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RAILROAD FARE PAID.

The Crittenden Press

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

F. M. Clement is the Democratic nominee for the Legislature. He will appreciate your vote and influence.

We are authorized to announce ISAAC LINLEY a candidate for the Legislature, to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky. Election November 1893.

FOR THE SENATE.

We are authorized to announce S. O. NUNN a candidate for the State Senate in the district composed of the counties of Crittenden, Caldwell and Webster, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce MISS MINA WHEELER a candidate for Superintendent of the Public Schools of Crittenden County. She will appreciate your vote and influence.

The street car drivers of Evansville are on a strike.

Now let us have a statement from Col. Breckenridge.

The ant has never been known to complain of hard times.

Yellow fellow has been declared epidemic at Brunswick, Ga.

Up to the date there has been seventy-two lynchings in this country since January 1.

During the month of August the World's Fair indebtedness was reduced \$888,900.

The C. O. & S. W. railroad will make a reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of its employees to go into effect Oct. 1.

Dr. Clardy is the Democratic nominee for State Senator in the district composed of Hopkins and Christian counties.

The President has appointed W. B. Hornblower, of New York, to succeed the late Judge Blatchford on the bench of the United States Supreme Court.

The Cherokee Strip is putting on civilized airs already. A S. Youmans, of Carthage, Mo., a "sooner" was lynched.

The Federal election law is being discussed in the Lower House of Congress. In due time the law allowing United States Marshals at the polls will be repealed.

They are still discussing the silver question in the Senate; a vote is hoped for next week, but it looks very much like that hope which makes the heart sick—deferred hope.

Congressman Wheeler says he intends to press the bills for the admission of Arizona, New Mexico and Utah Territory, and hopes to secure their passage this fall.

Frederick L. Ames, the millionaire of Boston, was found dead in the State room of a steamer. He was worth \$35,000,000, if he had not been his death would not have been mentioned.

There is no need of the Marionite perishing from spontaneous combustion, caused by the dryness of the marrow in his collar bone. It is only a short before-breakfast job to make a trip to Crittenden Springs.

Henderson and Union counties are casting about in search of a man to send to the State Senate. It is Union's turn to furnish the man, but she has been too busy with other things to give the matter attention.

Governor Hughes in making a plea for the admission of Arizona as a State says that Territory's gold production this year will exceed tenfold its silver output, and declares that as a State it can be depended upon to give its vote for gold or sound currency.

The Executive Committee of the colored people's organization to fight the Separate Coach law has decided to employ ex-Gov. Hoadly, of Ohio, and Col. Robt. Ingersoll as counsel. Suit will be brought in Louisville or Covington.

Now that the convicts in the Frankfort penitentiary are to make chairs, it is hoped that one will be built to fit the spirit of disension that so frequently stalks abroad when the Blacking Fund Commissioners meet for business, and that it will be placed in a back row, and the aforesaid spirit invited to occupy it for all time to come.

Miss Pollard publishes in the New York World a history of her life, showing how she was deceived by Congressman Breckenridge. If her story be true, Col. Breckenridge is capable of mean things, and should be moved under in his race for re-election, so deep that time will no more permit his name to be called in connection with the honorable history of the country.

Convalescence.

The American people need to keep their common sense about them during the period of financial convalescence through which we are now passing.

The country has been starved for money since early in June. Money is now offered in increasing quantities. There are indications that it will very soon be offered in greater abundance than the commerce of the country is yet prepared to absorb. Trade has been prostrated. It fell away to utter stagnation. There was loss of commercial vitality. There is lack of power to assimilate that abundance of money which is ordinarily its meat and drink.

The danger at such a time is the usual danger of an overabundant currency. Two weeks ago the banks of New York did not have money enough to bring their cash reserves up to the required 25 per cent. of their deposits. Today they have already become apprehensive as to their ability to place the rapidly accumulating store of currency in safe loans. A New York banker predicted a week ago that by the 1st of January the banks of New York—and that means finally the banks of the whole country—would have more money than they would know what to do with. Later advices from New York indicate that he put the date too far in the future. The New York banks already see such an embarrassment not far ahead of them.

The demand for the movement of the great staple crops will absorb much of the currency now available, and may continue to do so for some weeks yet. A disposition on the part of farmers to hold for better prices lessens the demand in that quarter. Ordinarily the money now on deposit in the banks of New York and other cities would be regarded as anything but an abundance. Much money is yet hidden away and deposits are not up to the normal. But cash reserves are growing through the steady liquidation going on by firms and individuals, and the demands of trade are not taking up the supply as it would do usually. Trade is recovering slowly.

During these months of money famine people learned economy and they can not unlearn the lesson all at once. They bought little, retailers bought little, jobbers bought little, manufacturers' stocks accumulated and mills shut down. The revival has begun, and many manufacturers and wholesale merchants are pushing ahead in anticipation, but trade is still far below the normal. Operations that were limited now by prudence and want of trade. There is not business enough to absorb all the money that the banks are already able to furnish. If money supplies continue to accumulate, as they are now doing in the East, more rapidly than the restoration of trade progresses, the banks will have on hand the difficult problem of using their excess to an advantage.—Courier Journal.

Mr. F. M. Clement represents that class of people that far out members all other in this Legislative District, namely that of farmers. Born on a farm, reared on a farm, ripened in the experiences of life on the farm, every impulse of his nature beats in unison with the work of those who till the soil. In addition to this every body knows that he is an honest man, far beyond the reach of the influences that are so often used in Legislative halls to secure unjust, unfair and class legislation. He is a man of fine judgment, quick perceptions, and great courage. Had this district been searched over and over again, no better man, in either of the political parties could have been found than F. M. Clement. He is as solid as men get to be; the passing breezes do not drift under and thither, firm in his convictions, he respects the same quality in others. The Democratic party did a good days work when it nominated Maj. Clement, and the people of all parties will be untrue to no party affiliation by voting for him next November, for it is a representative of experience and firmness we need. These qualities should be weighed before politics are considered.

A will be seen by the published list of appointments Miss Mina Wheeler will address the people of this county. In the institute Miss Mina is an entertaining as well as instructive talker; and her addresses to the people will be worth hearing. We bespeak for her a good hearing; the people will be benefited by her talks upon school matters. Take the time and go to her appointments and you will be well paid for your trouble, and no matter what your convictions, you will be convinced that she is amply able to take care of herself, and eminently capable to fill the office to which she aspires with credit to herself and according to the tastes of the friends of our public school.

Sam Nunn has had experience in Legislative matters and during a term in the House demonstrated his adaptability to work of that kind. Search his record as a member, and you will find it on the side of the people, in the interest of economy and marked with good sound common horse sense. As the past is the best prophet of the future, we unhesitatingly say that Sam will be a useful, and a safe man in the Senate.

The one hundredth anniversary of the laying of the cornerstone of the National Capital by President Washington was celebrated at Washington Monday. The principal orator of the day was Hon. William Wirt Henry, a grand-son of Pat Henry. Speeches were made by President Cleveland, Vice-President Stephenson, Speaker Crisp and others.

Now get the roads in proper shape for winter and spring wear. Work them with some intelligence. Raise in the center, drain well on each side. If we can't have good roads, let us have the best we can.

The \$10,000 damage suit of Thompson vs Baker in the Livingston Circuit Court has been compromised, the defendant paying \$100. The suit grew out of a shooting scrape that occurred at Carversville some months ago.

REFUSED A NEW TRIAL.

Peculiar Legal Complications Surrounding the Prosecution of Abbie Oliver's Murderer.

Morganfield, Ky., Sept. 18.—The motion for a new trial in the case of George Delaney, convicted on the charge of murdering Abbie Oliver Delaney, came up today at the special term of the Circuit Court and was overruled by Judge Givens. Affidavits were introduced to show that four of the jurors had expressed the opinion that all of the prisoners were guilty before they went into the jury box. Affidavits denying this charge were also introduced.

In rendering his decision, which was not absolute, Judge Givens spoke at length, saying that the decision was unsatisfactory even to himself; that if he granted the prisoner a new trial there would be great difficulty in getting a jury at all, the law being that he could only go into the adjoining counties for jurors.

Governor Brown evidently has an eye upon the big seat now occupied by Judge Lindsay in the United States Senate. This can be seen very plainly with the naked eye by observing the political skies that spread over Democratic primaries that have occurred in some sections of the State.

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NEW SALEM.

W C Tyner has moved to Bayou Mills, and went into the dry goods business.

Hig Woward and son, Leslie are among our sick this week.

Some little tobacco cut last week. The widow Coon has moved to the farm occupied by W C Tyner.

Wheat sowing will commence next week.

Rev Ely Eaton will move to Salem next week.

Will Davenport and Rufus Threlkeld are building a handsome residence for James LaRue.

Henry Minner the nursery man was in this section last week.

Rev Brandon closed his meeting at Tyner's Chapel last week.

Death.—At the residence of her parents in Crittenden county, Sept 15, Mrs Jane Brunster in her 40th year, Jennie, as she was commonly called, had been a sufferer for many years. She was a good woman, highly respected by all, and leaves a number of relatives and friends to mourn her loss. She was buried at the cemetery in Marion on the 16th.

Family Butchered.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 19.—A special from Washington, Ind., says news has just been received there that Benson Writtan and family, six in all, living near that place, were butchered last night. The family lives in Harrison township, twelve miles from Washington. The victims are horribly mutilated.

MAY BE LYNCHED.

Henderson, Ky., Sept. 18.—Robert Milligan, absconding postmaster of Hartford, Ky., who skipped his bonds some time ago, has been located at Standish, Ill. It is claimed that Milligan ruined his step-daughter and was the cause of her death. A reward of \$250 is offered for his apprehension. It is said that he will be lynched when taken back to Hartford.

THE PRIMARY IN LYON AND MARSHALL.

The legislative primary in Lyon and Marshall counties last Saturday resulted in the nomination of Judge E. Barry, of Benton, by a majority of thirty-two votes over Esq. B. F. Smith, of Lyon county. Mr. English the other candidate, was badly defeated by both of his opponents. The vote of the three aspirants is not known.

NEGRO KILLED.

Princeton, Ky., Sept. 18.—John Torian and John Standard, two negroes, became involved in a difficulty at a negro dance last night two miles east of here. Both drew pistols and began firing. Torian was shot through the breast and was instantly killed while Standard escaped unhurt. The cause of the difficulty was on account of a woman. The murderer made his escape and is still at large.

NINE KILLED.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Nine persons were killed and twenty injured last night by a fearful rear-end collision between two sections of the Big Four train known as No. 45, near the village of Manteno, a few miles north of Kankakee, on the line of the Illinois Central railroad.

FORD'S FERRY.

We have had fine rains, and crops are "looming" up to some extent.

Breaking wheat land is the order of the day.

Barn raising at A D McFee's Thursday and Friday last.

John Clement left last Monday for Keokuk, Iowa, to attend the Medical College.

What little tobacco there is in this neighborhood is being housed and the crop is considered very good.

Miss Bertha Whitehead, of St. Louis is visiting Mrs J L Rankin.

We have been informed that Dr. Clement has sold his farm to R S Heath, and will probable move in or near Fredonia.

Miss Ada Bracey has returned from Harrisburg, Ill., where she has been spending the summer with friends and relatives.

Mrs L H Fritts who has been confined to her room for several weeks is mending slowly.

With Miss Emma Cain as instructor, our school opened on the 18th, with an average attendance. As this is Miss Cain's first school we trust, not only the trustees, but the patrons of the school will lend her a helping hand.

Don't fail to hear Miss Mina Wheeler on the subject of "Education" and remember she is a candidate for School Superintendent and will appreciate your support and influence at the polls next November.

W H Brown and wife, of Salem, and W W Fralick and family of near Fredonia were the guests of J W Paris' last Saturday and Sunday.

The patrons of Hickson school have furnished their house with a set of new furniture consisting of put-out desks, charts, maps etc.

J B Paris will teach school at the Owen school house this fall. John is one among the first class teachers of the county, and we think the trustees made a wise selection in securing Mr Paris as their instructor.

Mrs L E Cook who has been in bad health for some time died at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr J R Goodwin, in Evansville Friday, Oct 15th, and was brought to this place for interment. After the funeral services, which were conducted by Bro Guthrie her remains were laid to rest in the family grave-yard where a host of friends and relatives had gathered to pay the last tribute of respect. Mrs Cook was a faithful christian a loving mother and devoted wife, and besides a husband one son and two daughters, she leaves relatives and friends by the score to mourn her loss.

CONSIDERABLE HUSTLING NECESSARY TO MEET THE SCHOOL FUND REQUIREMENTS.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 20.—While there has been no suspension of payment, and the money has been pouring into the State Treasury in encouraging sums, the \$500,000 on hand lacks a good deal of the eight hundred thousand mark necessary very soon after the first day of October. Treasurer Hale is today preparing to send out a circular to all of the Sheriff's of the Commonwealth requesting them to use extraordinary diligence for the next twenty-four days. The \$800,000 school fund does not have to be in the hands of the County Superintendent until the second Saturday in October, which this year gives the officials nearly fourteen days' time after October 1. The Treasury proposes to make a winning race against time.

The Master Commissioner to whom four of the State's suits against the Mason & Ford Company were referred by the local circuit or State fiscal report filed his report this morning. The latter is sensational, in that the Commissioner has disallowed enough of the \$60,000 claimed by the State and allowed enough of the counter claims of the defendant's to bring the State out in debt to the amount of \$12,000. Five suits were originally brought for a total claim of \$94,000. A demurrer to one of those for \$92,000 was sustained at the last term of the court. The suits for the remaining sixty odd thousand dollars were referred to the Commissioner with the result stated.

THE LAST WARNING.

We have several times called your attention to the fact that we need what you owe us. We have now indulged you as long as we can reasonably expect, at any rate we have waited as long as we can. We need the money to pay our debts and must have it at once, unless you call immediately and settle we will be forced to collect by law and thereby put you to additional expense. A prompt settlement now will save you money.

Yours Truly,

PIERCE & SON.

SALE NOTICE.

On Thursday Oct. 12, 1893, I will, at my farm five miles north of Marion, sell to the highest bidder on a credit of 12 months, the following:

2 horses, 2 head of cattle, 13 head of hogs, 1 farm wagon, a lot of corn in field, household and kitchen furniture.

All sums under \$5.00 cash in hand. Notes with approved security required before property is moved.

John D. Worley.

AN ANGRY POSSE.

NOT FINDING A MURDERER IT HANGS THREE OF THE FELLOW'S BROTHERS

And Kicks Another Man to Death.

New Orleans, Sept. 18.—Near this city Friday afternoon a negro on trial for a slight offense shot and killed Judge Vitor Espinal in the court room during the trial. Poses are in search of the murderer and have hung three of his brothers who refused to disclose his hiding place, and kicked another negro to death. There is no clue to the guilty man's whereabouts.

New Orleans, La., Sept 16.—Rosalia Julian, a negro, ran amuck to-day in Kenner, a small town a few miles above New Orleans, and kept it in a state of terror for several hours. Julian was arraigned before Judge Victor Espinal this morning for wife beating. While before the court he was ordered to be searched, as he was known to be a dangerous man. As the sheriff approached him for that purpose Julian drew a revolver and opened fire on him and the judge on the bench. The judge, who was struck by a bullet, tried to escape from the room when Julian, pursuing him, shot him in the back, and standing over him finished him with a bullet through the heart. The judge's son, August Espinal, hearing the shooting, armed himself and pursued the negro down the main street of the town. Julian dodged into his own house, seized a Winchester rifle and a bag of cartridges that were convenient and became the pursuer instead of the pursued. August Espinal was chased by him under a house and there fatally shot. Apparently rendered mad by his two murders, Julian commenced firing at everyone, man, woman or child, who appeared in the street, firing over fifty shots and holding possession of the town for a couple of hours. Fortunately everyone kept under cover and no one was shot, although the bullets grazed several persons. Finally cooling down he disappeared, and although parties have been searching for him all the evening, no traces have yet been found.

A copy attest.

D. Woods.

At the same time and place there will be a poll opened for the election of six trustees for said graded school.

Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

NOTICE.

Having sold my farm I will change my location, and must wind up my business at once. All persons indebted to me are requested to call and arrange matters at once.

I. H. Clement.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Mina Wheeler, candidate for Superintendent of Schools, will address the people on the subject of education at the following places:

Baker's School House, Friday Sep 22. Weston, Saturday, Sept. 23. Dycusburg, Tuesday, Sept. 26. Caldwell Sp's, Wednesday, Sept. 27. Needmore, Thursday, Sept. 28.

Speaking at 2 o'clock p. m. Both ladies and gentlemen are invited to be present. A division of time will be given to any other candidate, who may wish to address the people.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of James Pringle, dead, are requested to meet me at Salem, Ky., on the 7th or 14th of Oct. 1893, or at the law office of Bush and Werten, in Smithland, Ky., on Monday the 15th of said month, and settle all claims owing to said estate, and thereby save cost and unnecessary expense. It is incumbent upon me to wind up and settle said estate without delay.

Sept. 16th 1893. B. S. Kennedy.

REDUCED RATES TO OWENSBORO FAIR.

The Louisville, St. Louis & Texas Ry., Co., will place on sale, October 3rd, to 7th, inclusive, round trip tickets from all its stations to Owensboro at one fare for the round trip, account of the Davies County Fair. Tickets will be good returning on any train up to and inclusive October 7th. For further information call on agents or address the undersigned.

H. G. MORDUE, Asst. Genl. Pass. Ag't.

WE MUST HAVE IT.

We are going to close out business, and must have what is owing us. This is the last warning. You must settle. We mean business, and a delay in this matter may cause you trouble.

RANKIN BROS. Aug. 22, 1893. Fords Ferry.

RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Call on agents of the Louisville, St. Louis and Texas Railway before purchasing your tickets to Chicago. Direct connection made with all lines via Louisville. Good service and best of attention shown to passengers. For further information, address

H. C. MORDUE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Ag't, Louisville, Ky.

NOTICE.

Crittenden County Court. September 11, 1893.

Whereas J. N. Clark and others filed with the Clerk of this court on the 14th day of August 1893, a petition signed by more than ten of the legal voters of Marion Common School District No 27, in Crittenden county, which petition was indorsed by the Trustees of said district and the Superintendent of Common School of said county, said petitioners being tax-payers in said common school district, praying the Judge of the Crittenden County Court to have an order made on his order book, ordering the Sheriff, whose duty it is to hold election to open a poll or cause it to be done, at the next regular State, town or city election to be held therein, or any other day fixed by the Judge of said Court in the order, for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal white voters in said school district upon the proposition, whether or not they will vote an annual tax of 50 cents on each \$100 of property assessed in said district, belonging to the white citizens, and a per capita tax of \$1.50 on each white male inhabitant over twenty-one years of age residing in said district, for the purpose of maintaining a graded common school in said district, and for the erection of suitable buildings therefor. It is therefore ordered by the court, that the Sheriff of Crittenden county, do open or cause to be opened a poll in Marion common school district No 27, on the 23rd, day of Oct. 1893, from 7 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., at the school house in said district, to take the sense of the legal white voters of said district upon the proposition whether or not they will vote an annual tax of 50cts on each \$100 dollars of property assessed in said district belonging to white citizens, and a per capita tax of \$1.50 on each white male inhabitant over twenty-one years of age residing in said district, for the purpose of maintaining a graded common in said dist, and for erecting suitable buildings therefor, as provided in Article 10, Section 109, of the Common School Law. Said tax to be levied annually until the sum of \$8000 is realized for the purposes aforesaid.

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H. C. MORDUE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Ag't, Louisville, Ky.

J. H. MORSE

Has A Full and Complete Line of the Following Goods:

Men's and Boys Clothing, Men's Overcoats, Men's Rubber Coats, Men's Mackintoshes, Ladies and Misses Gossimers, " " Cloaks, " " Shawls, " " Furs, Trunks, Telescopes, Valises; Oil Carpets, Hemp Carpets; Ingrain Carpets, Brussels Carpets and Rugs; Mens and Boys Hats and Caps; Ladies and Misses Fascinators, Cheap, Medium and Fine Dress Goods; Satin, Silk and Fur Trimmings, Flat Braids, Laces and Velvets of all kinds. Cheap Shoes, Medium Shoes; Fine Shoes, Sandals; Over Shoes, Ladies and Gents neckware, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Notions, Quilts and Blankets, and many other things useful and ornamental that we will show when you come to see us.

With some little expense and a great deal of hard labor, we have gone through the different markets and secured for our customers the Newest Styles and Best Fabrics in everything, at the lowest price possible for them to be bought at, and we will show goods and compare prices with any competition in our market, especially we call your attention to our line of

Cloaks, Clothing, and Dry Goods.

We are also interested in the sale of the stock of goods purchased of J. N. Woods. We are closing that stock out at the T. J. Cameron old stand

AT-COST

But the goods we have at our store on the corner are all new goods and we are selling them at a small profit, but VERY SMALL.

Don't fail to see us.

J. H. MORSE</

LOCAL NEWS.

Timothy seed at Pierce & Son.

Think seriously of that school tax.

See Cook & Garrity for your photos.

Born to the wife of John Howland a boy.

Henry Bros. are finishing some nice work.

Geo Boston will build the Maxwell residence.

Mrs. J. J. Bennett has been sick several days.

For Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes go to S. D. Hodge & Co.

There will be no scarcity of corn in this county.

Rev. J. V. Guthrie goes to conference Tuesday.

If you want a town lot, or house and lot, see R. C. Walker.

Salt \$1.15 per barrel.

W. H. Copher.

Best coal oil 10 and 15 cents.

M. Schwab.

Wheat drills cheaper than anybody.

Marion Hardware Co.

New Goods and New Prices at S. D. Hodge & Co.

Rev. Miley has typhoid fever; he is at Lexington, Va.

Frank Loyd has the blue-ribbon as the best pistol shot in Marion.

See S. D. Hodge & Co., Stock of Dress Goods, and trimmings to match.

J. A. Davidson will take charge of the Critter House Oct 1.

Mr. J. A. Davidson has rented the Critter House from G. M. Crider.

Henry Wood's line of books is complete in every branch.

Dont forget Thomas Bros. have fresh bread every morning and evening.

Uncle Sam Asher, of Piney, says: "I have the finest crop of corn I ever raised."

The meeting at the Baptist church continues. There has been several conversions.

Mr. A. A. Brightman, of this county, has applied for a patent on a draining tube.

FOR SALE:—A mare and two-year-old colt at a bargain.

Chas Elder.

R. M. Franks reports frost at his house Sunday morning. He lives two miles south of Fords Ferry.

Dr. I. H. Clement has sold his farm north west of Marion, and is on the look out for a new location.

When buying goods remember S. D. Hodge & Co. Extra inducements; call and see them.

The Press is indebted to W. J. Hill for some extra fine peaches—the best we have seen this season.

Mr. W. I. Cruce has been very sick several days and his friends fear that he is taking typhoid fever.

The Masonic fraternity is putting up a neat building at Sheridan. The first story is a business house, and the upstairs a hall.

Mr. J. B. Hubbard has half interest in the J. N. Woods stock of goods. He is a splendid citizen, and it is hoped that he will make Marion his home.

Henry Poindexter, who escaped from the Eddyville prison some years ago, was arrested in Griffin, Ind., Monday and will be returned to the pen.

Will Taylor is in jail paying a \$75 fine for selling liquor without authority. He came in Friday night, and Marshal Wilborn was not long in running him in.

A. H. Cardin delivered to R. I. Nunn, Saturday, a lot of very fine Poland-China hogs. There has been no better shipped from Marion this year. He got \$5.25 for them.

Mr. John Farris took his little seven year-old blind girl to the institution for the education of the blind at Louisville last week. He was well pleased with the school and left the little unfortunate pleasantly surrounded, and apparently happy.

Yesterday Mr. William Smith and Miss D. C. King came to town, procured marriage licenses, secured the services of Rev. B. F. McMeen and at his residence were united in marriage. They came from near Blackford.

We noticed, a day or two since, Mr. C. E. Doss with a fine young horse. Inquiry revealed the fact that the superb animal belonged to "Uncle" Phenas Barnett, of this county, and Mr. Doss is getting it in shape for some of the running premiums at the Caldwell county fair.

Tolu is hauling some of her coal from Barnby & Hargraves mines—a distance of at least 30 miles. This speaks well for the quality of Crittenden county coal. A great deal of the same coal is being sold at Commercial Point. There is coal and coal and there is lots of coal mines, but when it comes to quality for domestic purposes, Barnby & Hargraves beats them all alike.

Dr. Belt, the well known veterinary surgeon, has moved to town.

A PRINCETON MAN TALKS.

What He Has To Say Of A Free Graded School.

Mr. H. E. Conway, a prominent business man of Princeton, was in town Monday. Hearing two of our citizens discussing the free graded school proposition, Mr. Conway expressed himself, in substance, as follows:

Princeton has a free graded school, the house was built by taxation and a small tax is voted annually to help employ the teachers. That school has done more for Princeton than all of the railroads combined, except possibly the first one; it is adding greatly to the population of the town, and those who come are the very best class of citizens. It affords every child in the town an opportunity to get a good education without practically any outlay of money.

No matter how poor the child is, it has all the advantages of the richest. The graded school is the best of all schools, and any town that fails to establish one simply fails to foster the thing that will make it grow and prosper.

Certainly there was some opposition to the tax, and at first it was strong, but after the workings of the school was exemplified, the opposition gradually gave away, and at the last election there were only four opposing votes.

If you want a good school in Marion, if you want to build up the town, establish a free graded school, and you have done the work.

Col. A. H. Cardin will leave this week for a visit to the World's Fair after which he will go to Texas to look after some land investments. Col. Cardin has always been one of the active Third Party men of Western Kentucky and has figured prominently in politics. He informs the Press that he has lost interest in matters of that kind, and will in a great measure be known no more on the hustings. "Of course," he said, "I am anxious to see our party nominees win, but hereafter the extent of my work will about be covered by my vote. Politics don't pay, and my time will be devoted to the earning of the dollar." The death of his wife has cast a sombre hue over the life of the Colonel, and this probably has much to do with his attempt to retire from active public life, but it is very probably that when the tocsin of war is sounded, A. H. Cardin will be found at his old post—that of leading the Third Party votaries of this county.

Last week Miss Zora McChesney and Mr. Fred Lemon undertook to steal away from the care of the young lady's parents, with the intention of going to the lover's Gretna Green, where they would be made man and wife. They were intercepted by the young lady's father and her schemes frustrated. That night the young lady took morphine with the intention of ending her existence, but the situation was discovered and a physician this time interfered. The young lady is a daughter of Mr. Wash McChesney, one of the best citizens of the Caldwell Springs neighborhood. It is reported that the young lady has two or three times since then attempted to take morphine.

The Court of Claims meets the first Tuesday in October, which this year is the third day of the month.

"Will there be anything out of the usual order of business this year?" is a question the Press asked County Judge Moore, yesterday. "No," he said, "nor do I think our bridge appropriations will be as large this year as usual. We now have about all the bridges that are necessary for the people generally, and I am not in favor of building any more until we get out of debt. Two more years without any bridge appropriations will put us out of debt, and I want get the county in that shape, hence, I will fight any bridge appropriations, with possibly one exception and that is the Dycusburg bridge."

Having just returned from market with one of the most complete lines of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, etc., we are in position to make prices and goods go. Don't fail to see us before buying your fall supply.

S. D. Hodge & Co.

The law now requires all merchants who handle pistols to procure a license for which they pay \$25. Pierce & Son is the only firm in the county that has taken out the licenses.

One half of the people of Marion abuse the town trustees for doing something, and the other half cusses the aforesaid board for inactivity.

Our stock of dress goods is now complete. You will find it to your interest to give us a look before buying.

S. D. Hodge & Co.

Mr. F. M. Clement reached home last night from the Cherokee Strip. He can give a graphic description of the great event.

Dress Goods, Dress Goods, of the latest shades and colors at S. D. Hodge & Co.

Do you know why Woods is selling more books than all other dealers combined? Because he is selling them a wee bit cheaper.

Born, Saturday Oct. 13, to the wife of Frank Moore a 10th girl.

THE METHODISTS.

Hold Their Fourth Quarterly Meeting, and the Last Before Conference.

Saturday afternoon the members of the Quarterly Conference of the Marion Circuit met in the Methodist church at this place and attended to the regular quarterly business.

Presiding Elder Orr was in the chair, and the following members answered at roll call:

J. V. Guthrie, P. C., B. E. Martin, J. G. Haynes, Local Preachers; W. J. Hill, ex, and the following stewards: J. D. Boaz, H. A. Haynes, R. C. Walker, J. A. C. Pickens, T. D. Stone, H. C. Love, T. Love, T. E. Griffith, H. B. Phillips, J. T. Terry, Dr. I. H. Clement, trustee; J. W. Hill, S. S. Superintendent. Revs. W. B. Crichtow, of Salem, and H. G. Summers, of Crofton Circuit, were present and invited to seats in the conference.

The churches reported the following amounts raised for the ministry during the quarter, Marion, \$105; Hurricane, \$12.50; Siloam, \$25; Hillsdale, \$12.50; Rosedale, \$2.85. \$60 was reported as expended for repairing churches during the quarter.

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The following Sunday School Superintendents were elected: S. D. Hodge, J. W. Hill, A. K. Love, J. W. Love, W. D. Williams, W. B. Nations, J. W. Guess.

J. T. Terry, W. B. Nation Elize Barley appointed building committee for Rosedale.

Siloam was selected as next place for Quarterly Conference.

The pastor reported 60 conversions, 34 additions to the churches during the quarter; 15 adult baptisms and 11 infant baptisms. "The spiritual condition of the church is reasonably good."

The value of church property in the circuit was reported at \$9300. Six Sunday Schools were reported.

Suits Filed.

Wm Belt, J. W. Carter, J. T. Elder, T. E. Griffith, L. F. White, P. M. Sisco, T. J. Yandell, B. L. Allen, Jos. Hunt, Marion Elgin Butter and Cheese Mfg. Co., to foreclose mortgage of \$500.

County Court Orders.

C. C. Minner allowed \$5.75 for lumber for bridges on Tolu road.

A. S. Hard granted licenses to sell spirituous vinous and malt liquors.

R. E. Threlkeld granted change in public road.

Geo. W. Adams was appointed and qualified as deputy jailer for Crittenden county.

Is He Canvassing In Caldwell?

P. C. Stevens, although twice defeated in the senatorial race, is still a candidate and it is the opinion of those who have been taking observations of his movements lately that he will secure the requisite number of votes this time to elect. He is a candidate for matrimony.—Princeton Banner.

Deaths.

Mrs. Ann Cook wife of Mr. L. E. Cook, a prominent citizen of the northern part of the county, died at the residence of her daughter Mrs. J. R. Goodwin, in Evansville, Ind., Friday, Sept. 15, after an illness of two weeks of typhoid fever. The remains were brought to family burying ground, and placed to rest Sunday. Rev. J. V. Guthrie, of this place, delivered the funeral discourse at the residence, and scores of her neighbors gathered in Sunday afternoon to pay the last tribute of respect to the well loved, and greatly respected dead.

Mrs. Cook was the daughter of R. A. Walker, one of the pioneer settlers of this county, and who died in 1876. She is the first of a family of six brothers and sisters to die; Messrs. J. H. and R. N. Walker, and Mrs. Dell Wilson and Mrs. Mary Jones, of this place, and Mrs. Lou Mitchell, of Harrisburg, Ill., being the surviving brothers and sisters.

Mrs. Cook leaves three children, Mrs. Goodwin, of Evansville; Mrs. C. C. English, of St. Louis, and M. E. Cook of this county.

Mrs. Cook was a most excellent Christian lady, loved for her gentle disposition, and those homely virtues that adorn true womanhood.

Wathen Appointed.

Last week the Press said that Mr. G. C. Wathen had probably won the steamboat mail clerkship for which there was about half a dozen applicants in this county. Tuesday Mr. Wathen got notice of his appointment and by this time next week he will be at work in an official capacity. He succeeds Mr. Bennett, a Republican, who was removed.

The appointee is a young hard working farmer, and a good Democrat, one who never before asked for, nor in any way sought official preferment, and his appointment is gratifying to the Democracy of the county.

Blankets and Comforts at prices to move them.

S. D. Hodge & Co.

SMITHLAND NEWS.

James Pringle's Will Is Probated.

On the first Monday of this month the will of the late James Pringle, of Salem, was probated. As Mr. Pringle was probably the wealthiest man in the county, and having no immediate family, I think his will will interest the readers of the Press. The will bears date of August 28, 1891, and after the usual introductory clause it reads as follows:

First—I direct that all my just debts be paid.

Second—I will to Agnes Pringle of color, one small bedstead, bed and bedding, one sewing machine, one zinc trunk, one bureau, one cupboard, and cupboard ware, and all my kitchen utensils. I have already heretofore given her some other things.

Third—I give the tract of land, on which I now live, containing about three hundred acres, unto Andy Pringle of color.

Fourth—I will to William H. Adcock in addition to what I have heretofore given him the sum of one thousand dollars in cash and this shall be in full of all I intend for him.

Fifth—I will and devise to Mrs. Agness Elizabeth Utley and her bodily heirs (she being the wife of J. A. Utley) a certain house and lot at or near Salem, Ky., lately deeded to me by Abby Brown, also one thousand dollars in cash and also one thousand part of all the balance of my estate.

But this bequest to her is on the condition that she wait on me and render me such care and attention as I may need during the remainder of my life which I am satisfied she will do, having raised her from the time she was about ten years of age.

Sixth—After now having by the last or fourth clause of my will disposed of one fourth part of all the balance of my estate. I now will unto children of Sophronia Parker (who was the wife of Robert H. Parker) jointly and equally one fourth part of the said "balance" of my estate.

Seventh—I will and devise the remaining one-half of my estate (this being the balance after all the foregoing bequests) unto, and to be divided between the surviving children of my brother William, my sister Betsey, my brother John, my sister Nancy and my brother Robert, giving to the children of my said brothers and sisters and their heirs equally said one half that is the children of each of my said brothers and sisters to have jointly and equally the portion or one fifth of said balance—but in the event there should be no survivors of any of said brothers or sisters then the portion willed to them shall go equally to the survivors of my other brothers and sisters in the same manner as if it had come from their parents.

Eighth—If any one named or referred to in this will as a devise or beneficiary shall attempt to break, vacate, modify or change this will in any particular then in that event, I hereby will and direct that such persons or persons shall take nothing by virtue of said will.

Ninth—I do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint my friend and neighbor Balyss S. Kennedy as the executor of this my last will and testament, but will expect the court to require him to give ample security.

Hon. Wm. Marble, of Princeton, has been holding court this week for Judge Pratt. Mr. Marble presides with learning and dignity, and if the Democrats go hunting for a tip top man to make the race next time, Wm. Marble, need make no wise to attract their attention, for many of us would instinctively turn to him.

Jim Webb, a notorious character of Carversville, was sent to the pen at this time of court for one year. This is Jim's second term in three years.

Messrs. C. C. Grassham, Thomas Phillips, Frank Robinson and C. O. Lowery left Tuesday for the World's Fair, so you see Salem is not the only town in old Livingston to furnish visitors to the great fair. Smithland has as much of the cosmopolitan spirit as Salem.

Miss Ada Bennett the accomplished daughter of our Judge Bennett, left for her home at Frankfort Tuesday.

Any size window glass you wish from 8x10 to 24x36 at H. K. Woods.

Deeds Recorded.

R. A. McDaniel to Trustees of M. E. Church South, at Rosedale, lot for \$100.

H. L. Drennan to C. H. Walker, 4 acres for \$200.

E. E. Thurman to W. M. Asher, lots in Weston for \$25.50.

Wilson, and Pierce & Son, to Jane Duncan, 2 acres for \$62.

A. M. Gilbert to S. A. Carnahan, lot for \$115.

S. A. Carnahan to A. M. Gilbert house and lot for \$400.

A. M. Gilbert to J. G. Rochester house and lot for \$625.

H. K. Woods is still selling school books and supplies.

See S. D. Hodge & Co's., line of Trimmings, Silks, Velvets, Gynps and Parasentrics.

Buy your window glass from H. K. Woods.

PERSONAL.

Mr. S. D. Hodge is in Chicago this week.

A. S. Hard, of Dycusburg, was in town Monday.

Mr. Marsh Dyer, of Sturgis, was in town Monday.

A. L. Noc, of Sturgis, is in town. He is writing life insurance.

Cook & Garrity, the photographers, at Salem all next week.

Dr. W. F. Truitt and wife of Weston, were in town Saturday.

W. H. Copher and family are visiting relatives at Marion, Ill.

J. M. Horning and wife, of Blackford, were in town Monday.

Miss Lizzie Cook has been quite ill at the Marion Hotel some days.

Hon. J. R. Summers passed through town Sunday en route to Chicago.

Miss Alice Wathen, of Fords Ferry, is the guest of H. M. Cook's family.

Messrs. G. C. Burris and W. D. Morse left for Phillipsburg, Kan., Tuesday.

Mrs. Annie Rochester and children are visiting her father, Mr. John Cochran, of Enfield, Ill.

Mr. M. H. Hoffman and wife, of Evansville, were guests of Mr. Clarence Weldon and wife last week.

Mrs. M. H. Coffield and Lizzie Baker, of Harrisburg, Ill., were guests of friends in Marion the first of the week.

Miss Annie Ligon, who has been the guest of friends in this county, returned to her home at Anna, Ill., Tuesday.

Mr. Lee Cook, jr., left Sunday for Lexington to attend the State University. Pruitt Cook expects to join him this week.

Rev. L. P. Conger reached Marion from Missouri last week. He likes that country, but he loves this, hence his return.

Messrs. J. W. Blue, jr., Norval Pierce, J. F. Dodge and Miss Kitty Woods left for the World's Fair yesterday morning.

Dr. Allen Lowery and wife, of Carversville, and Miss Nora Lowery, of Salem, returned Wednesday of last week, from a ten days visit at the fair.

Tuesday Mr. C. C. Dorroh and wife, of Livingston, left for the World's Fair. From there they go to California to visit their son. They expect to be gone two months.

Messrs. W. J. Deboe and wife, Geo. M. Crider and wife, Thos. Yandell, A. M. Henry, S. W. Adams, and Gus Taylor left Saturday night for the World's Fair.

Mrs. Smith Lowery and Mr. Albert Butler, of Livingston county, passed through town Monday, to visit their brother, Mr. Berry Butler at Decatur, Ill. While there they expect to visit the Fair.

Mr. J. A. Wood reached home yesterday "the strip." He brought no land with him, and he left so soon after the grand rush that he left no land of his own in the west. He says that he could have secured a claim had he remained, but had he done so he would have starved to death for want of food, and had he good food, he would have perished for want of water, and he preferred to be alive in Crittenden without land, to being dead in the strip with land.

Cook & Garrity, the photographers will be at Salem next Monday and remain all week.

Mr. J. H. Morse dips his pen in ink and writes down a column on the second page of the Press. Read what he has to say, and remember that he is one of the wide awake men of Marion, and when he goes after goods, he returns with goods, and when he writes you that he will sell you cheap, he will sell you goods cheap.

People living in the vicinity of Salem can get the best of photographs next week, by calling on Cook & Garrity.

The papers contained a short notice of the killing of a young man named Hill at Arkansas City, a few days ago, and as Chas. Hill, son of Mr. E. P. Cook, fears up his 'gunnoes' and 'gun' friends that he was the man who met death at the hands of a soldier.

New lot of School Books and Supplies just received at H. K. Woods.

One of the most popular hotels in all Western Kentucky is the Marion Hotel, under the management of Mr. H. M. Cook and his industrious wife, the house has built up a reputation second to none.

We are closing out our stock of wall paper and offer it at almost your own price.—H. K. Woods.

LOST—Between Siloam and Marion, Sept. 14, a pair of silver rimmed, pebble glass spectacles. The finder will please return them to C. E. Doss, Marion, Ky.

Build that walk.

A merry-go-round in town.

No drunks Monday.

As the season for Wall Paper is growing late, H. K. Woods offers his stock of Paper at un-heard of prices.

The following merchants sell our flour:

M. H. Weldon & Son.

J. W. Johnson.

W. H. Copher.

J. W. Skelton.

Farmer & Co.

B. F. McMeen.

J. N. Woods.

If you and they cannot trade, do not fail to come to the mill. We will make it to your interest to patronize your home mill.

Respectfully,

A. Dewey & Co.

The greatest remedy extant for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, La Grippe and Whooping Cough is "C. C. C." For Sale by Moore & Orme.

Lake Salt \$1.10 a barrel, Marion Hardware Co.

FOR SALE:—Two good mares; cash or on time.

Chas. W. Baldwin, Marion, Ky.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE

I will be at the following places at time mentioned for the purpose of collecting the State and County taxes. The law requires me to make these appointments, and requires the taxpayer to meet me on those days. This is the last round. If you want to save cost call this time and get your receipt.

Needmore, Monday Sept. 25.

Dycusburg, Tuesday Sept. 25.

Levias, Thursday Sept. 28.

Sheridan, Friday Sept. 29.

Irma, Monday Oct 2nd.

Tolu, Tuesday Oct 3rd.

Fords Ferry, Wednesday, Oct 4th.

Weston, Thursday Oct 5th.

Bells Mines Church, Friday Oct 6th.

Nunns Switch, Monday Oct 9th.

Fish Trap, Tuesday Oct 10th.

Shady Grove, Wednesday Oct 11th.

Iron Hill, Thursday Oct 12th.

Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

NOTICE.

The season of 1893 having closed out the "Crittenden Springs Hotel," all parties are hereby notified not to deliver any goods of any character for my account or to do any work there unless directed by me personally. Parties having bills against the hotel prior to this date will please present them at once.

S. M. Jennings, Sept. 1st, 1893. Henderson, Ky.

FOR SALE:—Hickory Ridge farm at a great bargain. Call on or address A. M. Baldwin, Shady Grove, Ky.

STRAY NOTICE:—About two months ago, a black white pided cow, one horn slipped off, about 10 years old, strayed from me at Clementburg. Any information as to her whereabouts thankfully received.

Kos Clement.

We have a few Dandy Steel Frame Disc Harrows left that we will close out at greatly reduced prices. Every Harrow Guaranteed.

Pierce & Son.

We sell the best wheat Fertilizer made for cash or good notes.

Marion Hardware Co.

Why don't you try Thomas Bros. bread, they can furnish you with bread fresh from the oven morning and evening.

I am the only one in town handling Fredonia Flour.

M. Schwab.

Don't throw away money; save your peach seed Schwab will buy them.

Have your order for school books etc., filled at Moore & Orme's drug store—next door to bank.

Select your books at Moore & Orme next Monday, where they've been bought cheaper than any place in town.

Sponges, slates, copy books and note books, all sizes and styles at Moore & Orme.

I want all dried apples, dried peaches and peach seed will as usual pay cash for same.

M. Schwab.

Cook & Garrity, the photographers, are well fixed in the gallery, second of bank building, for doing the very best grade of work. Call on them at any and all times.

NOTICE:—It will be impossible for me to see all of the tax payers of the county before the time for tax-paying is past, and I take this method of saying that I must have the money. There will be and can be no delays in this matter. Make your arrangements to pay your taxes, the money must come.

Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

LOOK HERE.

Parties owing us for coal and hauling, please call and settle at once, we need the money. On and after Sept. 1st, all coal orders must be accompanied by the money for same. Owing to the small profit we make we can't afford to run around to collect. We have to pay cash for coal and we must have cash when we sell.

Yours Truly,

Duvall & Hurley.

To The Public.

When you have any produce for sale call on Thomas Bros. They will pay you the highest market price, and sell you goods at the lowest possible price.

GRAND OPENING

Mrs. F. W. Loving

Takes great pleasure in in inviting the ladies of Crittenden and adjoining Counties to her Grand Opening of

Finest Line of Millinery Goods

ever before shown in this county. Biggest Stock of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, the Prettiest, Most Fashionable and Most Extensive Line of Trimmings that could be purchased. The Grand opening will be

OCTOBER 2nd, 3rd and 4th

Thanking all for past favors, and assuring you that I am better than ever prepared to meet your every wish I am

YOURS TRULY

Mrs. F. W. LOVING

Stone jars and churns at reduced prices.

M. Schwab.

Cook & Garrity make the best photos ever made at Marion.

Wire and staples cheaper than ever.

Pierce & Son.

Stop at Moore & Orme and get your school supplies.

3 spring wagons and a good span of mules for sale.

M. Schwab.

Children like to take "C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure," the pleasant and guaranteed cure for Fever, Ague and Malaria—Better than Quinine. Price 50 cts.

For Sale by Moore & Orme.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Ladies Your Attention Please.

I wish to extend my sincere thanks to the 700 lady customers, who patronized me so liberally during the past spring and summer season, and wish to say to them that I am now receiving the most complete and noblest Stock of Fall and Winter millinery good ever brought to this market and will sell them to you, better goods at lower prices than you can buy them in the county. I have no old stock of hats to try to pass off on you for new goods, and you can always depend on getting the very latest styles at the lowest prices at my store. You are most respectfully solicited to call and examine goods and prices.

Very Resp'y,

Mrs. Laura Skelton.

DRESS MAKING.

Those desiring dresses made should call on Miss Annie Blackard at the residence of Thos. Hargrave. Good work guaranteed, and prices to please all. Small boys pants and gwaits included.

Last fall I was taken with a kind of summer complaint, accompanied with a wonderful diarrhoea. Soon after my wife's sister, who lives with us, was taken in the same way. We used almost everything without benefit.

Then I said, let us try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which we did, and that cured us right away. I think much of it, as it did for me what it was recommended to do. John Hertzler, Bethel, Berks County, Pa. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Moore & Orme.

We guarantee "C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure" to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Throat and Lung Diseases. For Sale by Moore & Orme.

Tinware, 1 gallon buckets 10c.

1 1/2 " " 15c

2 " " 20c

M. Schwab.

Plenty of country lard and sides.

M. Schwab.

Overstocked in fruit jars. They must be sold regardless of prices.

M. Schwab.

Cook & Garrity, the well-known photographers, will be at Salem in about two weeks. The exact dates and date will be in the next issue of this paper. Be ready for them, if you want the best class of work.

We have just received a car load of wire nails, and will sell them cheaper than anybody. Get our prices before you buy.

Pierce & Son.

Stop at Moore & Orme and get a sup ply of blotters, rules etc.

To The Public.

Having bought the entire

Hardware Business

of Geo. M. Crider, we will continue to carry a

COMPLETE STOCK

of everything belonging to the line and hope by

LOW PRICES

and honest dealing to merit a liberal share of your patronage. Call

and see us, next door to J. N. Woods.

Marion Hardware Co.

A. J. Pickens, } Salesmen.
Robt. Hodges, }

Peach seed wanted at Schwab's.

If you want the best buggy, get the Haydock from Alex. Utley, at Salem.

O. S. Young, the Best Dentist, Marion, Ky.

Elder S. S. Beaver, of McAllisterville, Juniata Co., Pa., says his wife is subject to cramp in the stomach. Last summer she tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for it, and was much pleased with the speedy relief afforded. She has since used it whenever necessary and found that it never fails. For sale by Moore & Orme.

Carpenters can save money by getting my prices on nails.

M. Schwab.

Rev. F. C. Iglehart, New York, writes: "A corn on the toe is a thorn in the flesh, which 'C. C. C. Certain Corn Cure' most mercifully removes."

For Sale by Moore & Orme.

Great Reduction Rates to the World's Fair.

Taking effect July 23rd, special excursion tickets will be on sale at all offices in the south to Chicago and return, via the Evansville Route, (E. & T. H. C. & E. I. R. R.) good fifteen (15) days. Be sure that your tickets read via the Evansville Route, the only line running solid vested trains from Atlanta, Chattanooga and Nashville to Chicago via Montgomery. Call on your nearest ticket agent for tickets and further information, or address:

S. D. McLeish, G. P. & T. A. S. L. Rodgers, Evansville, Ind., Southern Passenger Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

MONEY AT TOLU.

A good blacksmith shop and set tools for sale or rent at Tolu by G. E. Young.

"C. C. C. Certain Chill Cure" is pleasant to take and harmless. Children like it. Guaranteed to cure Chills and Fevers. Large bottles 50 cents.

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

—Horseback weddings, in which the bride and groom mounted on horseback and rode away from the attendants, who rode after them in hot haste, were formerly common in many countries, and may still be seen in Russia and parts of Tartary.

—A statement issued by the treasury department shows that the payments of bounty to sugar producers under the act of October 3, 1890, amounted to \$1,311,311 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, as compared with \$7,342,077 during the preceding year, an increase of \$1,083,033.

—The biggest diamond in the world has been discovered at the Jagersfontein mines in South Africa and weighs 915 carats. It is three inches long and from one and a half to two and a half inches in breadth and thickness. It is of a perfect color, and is marred by one black spot in the middle, which will drop out if it is cut in two.

—The penny-in-the-slot gas meters in Liverpool now number eight thousand. The success of this ingenious contrivance has led to its introduction into London, Birmingham, Manchester and elsewhere. The latest town to adopt it is Leeds. One penny in the slot at Leeds is to give twenty-five cubic feet of gas, or six hours' light with a No. 4 burner.

—Unless the kingfisher is to be allowed to become extinct very active steps must be taken to preserve it. In the remote and solitary places in the United Kingdom the inhabitants are now aware of the prices given by collectors—naturalists, as they dub themselves—and no sooner does one appear than all the kingfishers in the parish are puffed.

—It is not generally known, says the Wall Street News, that \$10,000,000 in greenbacks of the laws of July 17, 1861; February 12, 1862, and March 17, 1862, making these notes then called "demand notes," were passed through the hands of publicists, passed through the hands of the war and remained at par with gold during all that time, even when gold commanded a premium of 18 1/2 per cent. in July, 1864.

—It is an old belief of native Hawaiians that the spirits of their warrior chiefs inhabit after death the bodies of their favorite horses. There is even now a fine white stallion in Honolulu in which it is popularly believed lives the spirit of a chief who led a rebellion in Tahiti some years ago. At various times this horse, splendidly caparisoned, is led riderless in state through the principal streets of Honolulu.

—The pin-tree shilling was named after the pine tree which is its device. It was coined in Massachusetts in the latter half of the seventeenth century and was only one of a series of coins all called pine tree money. The shilling was sometimes called the Boston shilling or the Bay shilling. This was the first coin issued in America and the dies were cut at the Lynn iron works, established in 1640 by Joseph Jencks.

—An attempt is being made in England to utilize the power of the steam engine in the application of brakes to train cars so as to render aid in restarting the car. A spring is charged, which can be released and will start the car without the aid of the horses. A forward arm, not a recoil movement is at once given to the wheels, but its action can be reversed in case of need—such as over-running points at junctions. A trial of several months has been given to the apparatus with satisfactory results.

—The only instrument used purely for punishment in English jails nowadays is a crank handle weighted heavily with lead and working heavily inside a box, an indicator at a slit recording the number of revolutions made—8,000 to 11,000 constituting a day's work. Among the purely mechanical labor is included the working at the crank handles of the large water pump, and by cranks, too, all the meal used in the prison is ground, but in the case of the corn-grinding the prisoner may rest as often as he likes, provided he gets through his allotted task.

—Boots are supposed to have been the invention of the Carlians. They were mentioned by Homer, 900 B. C. Greek women possessed twenty-two kinds of footwear, which may be classed as those which cover all the foot up to the ankle and those which simply tie on the top of the foot with wide ribbons and straps. The practice of shoe and sandal wearing can be traced back for some thousands of years and is probably of eastern origin. Frequent mention is made of the shoe in the Bible from the book of Exodus to the Acts and there is mention made of a shoe latched as early as the time of Abraham.

—The Gloucon, a two-masted schooner, which was sunk about six months ago in Great South Bay, New York, has been successfully raised by means of air sacks. Messrs. Grant Brothers' air sack system of raising vessels seems to be practically successful. Divers descended into the hold and adjusted huge canvas bags or sacks, which measured twenty by four and a half feet. Each sack was connected by hose to a powerful air pump, and gradually inflated by air. The gradual inflation of the bags with air slowly lifted the vessel to the surface. It required only about one hour to raise the Gloucon after the work of adjusting the bags had been finished.

—The half-yearly reports of the English railroads for the first half of 1893 showed an increase in gross revenue of about 1/2 of 1 per cent, and of working expenses of less than 1/2 of 1 per cent. The increase in net revenue, therefore, amounts to 1 1/2 per cent. During the year, however, fixed charges increased about 1/2 per cent, and the available dividends on common stock only about \$100,000 more than was available in the first half of 1892. But common stock was increased \$3,000,000, or about 1/2 per cent, and the dividends were decreased slightly, for the half year they were at the rate of 3 1/2-10 per cent, as compared with 3 1/2 per cent in the first half of 1892. This is the lowest rate of dividend paid since 1887, when it was 3 1/2 per cent. N. Y. Railroad Gazette.

Where He Worked.

The prisoner was before the police judge for the great manyth time.

"Well," said his honor, "you here again?"

"Yes, your honor," responded the prisoner.

"What's the charge?"

"Vagrancy; same as before, your honor."

"It seems to me you are here about half your time."

"Well, what do you do to half? Why don't you work?"

"I do, your honor, more than half my time."

"Aw, now," said his honor, good-naturedly, "if you tell me truthfully where you have ever worked I'll let you off."

"At the house of correction, your honor," smiled the prisoner, and the court kept its word.—Detroit Free Press.

"How has Mrs. Highgate made herself so popular with the ladies?" "Just by an unwomanly trick." "What is that?" "Why, she never takes more than five minutes to say good-by."—Littell's Living Age.

COL. PHILLIPS' SPECTACLES.

Story of Their Use as Related by the Big hairy man from the States.

"The way you Chicago people look at things reminds me of my old friend, Col. John Phillips."

The speaker was a large, hairy man with a big slouch hat and a voice evidently better adapted to the acoustic properties of the prairie than the Palmer house smoking room. He appeared to realize this as he glanced around and saw every man in the room looking toward him, some smiling, some scowling.

"Tell us about your friend, the Colonel," suggested a real-estate agent, who had the hairy giant on the string for a big cash transaction.

"Why," continued the man with the prairie voice, "Phillips saw everything that belonged to him big and everything that belonged to me small."

"That's human nature," the agent was suggesting, but the prairie man interrupted with:

"No, twant no human nature, 'as spectacles! He got 'em made in this town, believe you people all wear 'em, too!"

"What peculiar properties did your friend's spectacles possess?" asked a curious listener.

"How could he do this?" "Why, the blamed lenses worked on an axis and showed things telescope fashion, you know. Spose there was a horse trade up, he let you look at the horse through the glasses, by ordinary little end of his glasses, but when you come to look at his head at his spectacles again some pretext—just flipper 'em over—magnificent animal, and you'd see a magnificent animal."

It was the same way with houses, tracts of land, wheat fields, changing money—anything. Once you looked through his glasses at anything you were his victim, for you felt as if you couldn't live until you'd traded just as Phillips wanted you to. But he met his reward. He tried a bluff game on Big Buffalo Jones of Arizona—when he had by that spectacle jiggery sold a hundred jackass rabbits for burrows—and looked at Big Jones' six-gun through the little end of his glasses, to put him down small, you know; but, alas, it didn't work!"

"What happened?" asked the agent.

"Big Jones' gun went off repeatedly just as Col. Phillips was adjusting his glasses. It was as well, perhaps," continued the prairie man, dropping his voice so low that the believing of tugs in the river and lake could again be heard, "for my friend had acquired such a habit of trying to talk up to the magnifying side of these glasses that his long enjoyed reputation for veracity was entirely spoiled. We buried him at Big Jones' expense, and to prevent a recurrence of such a tragedy I took possession of the spectacles, and—"

"What ever became of them?" asked a hungry-looking man who had gone broke on a world's fair hotel scheme.

"He gave 'em away," said the big, hairy prairie man.—Chicago Tribune.

CATTLE AS OMNIVORA.

Queer Things Taken From Their Stomachs at the Chicago Stock Yards.

Most people are probably of the opinion that the goat and the ostrich rank highest as omnivorous animals. It is not so generally known, however, that a cow takes often very curious things into her stomach. The United States department of agriculture has given space in its exhibit in the government building at the Chicago fair, to a collection of various objects which have been taken from the stomachs of cattle killed for beef at the Chicago stock yards.

The most amazing of these objects is the iron tooth of a huge Western hay rake, such as is drawn by two horses upon the western prairies. This iron tooth is curved and is four feet and eight inches long, by about a quarter of an inch thick. It was taken from the stomach of a Texas steer, which was at all external appearances in the best of health when killed. From the stomach of another Texas steer was taken an iron bolt thirteen and one-half inches long, by five-eighths of an inch thick. Of the truth of the finding of these objects inside the animals in question there seems to be no doubt. The objects are on exhibition, accompanied by the names of the men who loan them.

In a rather small cow were found objects as follows: One Masonic emblem, one dime, one copper cent, two watch rings, one finger ring and a number of stones. In another cow's stomach were found one silver dollar, one silver watch chain, one brass hair pin, a door knob and seven nails, or pieces of nails.

One of the most curious features of this remarkable collection is a lot of twenty-three hair balls. These were all found in the stomach of a Texas cow which was butchered at the stock yards only a short time ago. When she was killed the animal was in good health, but small. She weighed when dressed for beef, 350 pounds. These hair balls are each a perfectly solid hard circular mass. The largest one is five inches in diameter, and the smallest about one inch and a half. The balls are formed by the animal's licking itself. The hair comes off and adheres to the tongue. It is then swallowed, and, once in the stomach, is rolled up and compressed into the globular mass described.—Hartford Courant.

—His Plan.—Gladys—"How did he let you know he was well off?" Eleanor—"Oh, he told me so. What wretchedly led form!" Eleanor—"Oh, no; he only signed his name, 'Sincerely Yours, E. S. Smithson.'"

—Bacon—"Didn't I understand you to say that kind words never die?" Egbert—"You did." "Well, I put some in the paper, but I understand the editor 'killed' the entire poem."—Yonkers Statesman.

—Anarchist Orator (sneeringly)—"They call this the land of promise. What does it promise?" Officer of the Law—"I'll tell you right here. If you keep on, it will promise to land you in the penitentiary."—Pittsburgh Bulletin.

—Watts—"Is it true that you got wind of the bank failure before the doors were closed?" "Yes," "No, I went down to get a check cashed an hour after the doors were closed. It was then that I got wind."—Indianapolis Journal.

—Her Adoror—"No, sir; it is not for the sake of your daughter's money I love her. It is on account of her sweet temper and charming manners." Her Father—"If it is not for money you wish to marry, I can get you a better one. I have a daughter-in-law, a fatherly friend, a man. 'Pray pardon me,' she said, as she rose to her feet, while the rest of the passengers tittered. 'Don't mention it, me dearest,' replied the Irishman. 'I cut hold, ye as honor.' 'Then he blushed furiously, and the passengers snickered aloud."—Brooklyn Life.

CHINESE PUNS.

Some of the Satisfactory Traits of Eastern Tongues.

"Among the many satisfactory differences which have led Chinamen to imagine that foreigners have so many different religions, those regarding the proper name for God hold prominent rank. English Protestants use Shang Te, while Americans have coined Chen Tien Chu, which means Heaven's Lord; neither being willing to admit that the Chinese expressions Tien (Heaven) implies a personal God. And so the Chinese for religion being 'king,' the term Tien Chu Kian has come to express Roman Christianity. But there is, unfortunately, another word having the sound of chu which means pig, and another word pronounced kian which means squeal; so that the way of the satirist was clear for converting 'Tien's human nature' into 'Squeak of the Celestial Pig.'"

A common term for foreigners, again, is Yang Jen, meaning sea men, or men from the sea; but there is another word having the same sound, which means goat. Caricatures of pigs and goats are therefore used to depict missionaries and their converts, while a means of vilifying Christianity itself by based on the common expression, really suggested. Caricatures, however, only excite ridicule. It requires something more serious to inspire the angry terror which finds expression in riot and maltreatment, and it is not surprising that they might well seem, to a European, the sheer outcome of malignant imagination, are really based on our own superstitions, distorted and misapplied to the strange teachers of a strange creed.—Fortnightly Review.

GOOD USE FOR A FLAG.

Narrow Escape of an Unjustly Condemned Englishman at Havana.

In Havana there was one evening a great row in the streets, and a man was killed. Everyone ran away except an Englishman, who did not see why he should run off, but stopped to do what he could for the wounded man. The city was then, as it often is, under martial law, and in a few minutes a party of soldiers came up, walked the Englishman off, he was tried then and there by a sort of drum-head court martial, and condemned to be shot the next morning at 5 o'clock.

He managed to get the news conveyed to the English consul, and at 7:45 o'clock the next morning the consul appeared in his official uniform, uniform, cocked hat and sword, all his orders on, etc. The shooting party was drawn out, and the prisoner was there too. The consul walked up to the officer commanding the party and demanded the life of his commandant.

"Very sorry," said the officer, "but I must carry out my orders," and he showed the warrant signed by the governor. "Well," said the consul, "at least you'll allow me to take leave with him before he dies." "I can't refuse that," was the reply. On which the consul stepped into the Englishman's hand, and his breast coat pocket, drew out a Union Jack, and threw it over the man, and then said: "There, now, fire if you dare!"

The lieutenant was staggered, the matter was referred to the governor, and the Englishman was saved.—Spectator.

An Elizabethan Mariner.

Martin Frobiisher, a Yorkshire man and an English navigator of Queen Elizabeth's day, is greatly admired to distinguish himself. The only thing in the world that was left yet undone whereby a notable mind might be made famous and fortunate, he thought, was a north-west passage to India—a favorite dream of his for years. For this he sought means. At last he obtained command of two small boats, sailed westward, and discovered the bay in which we call Hudson's bay, which we call Frobiisher's bay. He thought it was the desired passage. Some black earth he brought back was called gold, and excited all England.

He sailed a second time, and returned with shiploads of the supposed ore. But it proved to be worthless. Again he was equipped. This time a colony went with him. The queen threw a chain of fair gold about the neck of Frobiisher, as he set sail upon his third voyage, in 1578.—St. Nicholas.

CHEWING GUM.

Reasons for Not Forming a Habit for Which There Is Little Excuse.

The origin of chewing gum may be traced indirectly back to the time when contemners in many sports in the amphitheaters kept their mouths from parching by chewing the leaves of plants which were capable of producing an increased flow of saliva. But the modern chewing-gum, with all its alleged benefits and various flavors, is strictly a product of the present age.

The medicinal value of chewing-gum of any kind may well be expected to be slight. Aside from its employment in some cases as a salivator, or saliva-producer, it is likely to become positively harmful if used to the extent of a habit.

We may perhaps excuse its use by public speakers and by all whose throats are exposed to the irritation of constant use, as by means of it the throat may be kept moist and free from irritation; but even then it is doubtful whether methods would not prove quite as efficacious without being so harmful to the digestive system.

It is easy to explain why the digestive system is liable to suffer from the persistent use of chewing-gum. One of the chief functions of the saliva is to stimulate by its presence in the stomach an increased flow of gastric juices. But the increased flow of saliva induced by constant chewing is generally thrown into an empty stomach. This explains the gnawing that persons who unconsciously chew gum experience after chewing it for a while. There is no food for the gastric juices to work upon and an artificial appetite is set up.

This fact might be turned to account in some cases of indigestion, if it were not for the supplementary fact that the saliva which comes from prolonged stimulation is always inferior in quality in direct proportion to its increased amount. And not only is this superficial stimulation of the gastric juices, but another important function, that of changing starches to sugar, is correspondingly interfered with.

Then again, we must not forget the frothy condition of saliva produced by the chewing of gum, nor fail to appreciate the uncomfortable and even harmful results of forcing such quantities of air into the stomach.—Youth's Companion.

"Why do they say, 'he blew in his money'?" "Because, when he who does it realizes what he has done it is a great blow to him." "O, I see, and then I suppose he feels blue."—N. Y. Press.

—Information—"Papa, what is a veterinary surgeon?" "One of those fellows at the pension office, my son, who examines the veterans for pensions."

—Young Sprig—"Mr. Bidgwick, I am worth \$5,000, and I love your daughter." "Mr. Bidgwick (retired auctioneer)—"Sold."—Wonder.

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